## **Regular Verbs**

All Spanish verbs belong to one of three classifications, called conjugations, depending on the ending of the infinitive.

All infinitives end in -ar, -er, or -ir.

Each conjugation has its own set of endings that are added to the stem of the verb.

```
verb stem + infinitive ending = infinitive
cant + ar = cantar
com + er = comer
viv + ir = vivir
```

Verbs are considered regular if there is no change in the stem when it is conjugated.

## **Uses of the Present Tense**

The present tense is used to express the English simple present (I sing) and the English present progressive tense (I am singing).

```
Ella canta una canción triste. \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \textit{She sings a sad song.} \\ \textit{She is singing a sad song.} \end{array} \right.
```

Questions are formed by inverting the subject and the verb. In this case, the translation of the Spanish present tense includes the English helping verb do. Questions can also be indicated by rising intonation, without a change in word order.

¿Cantas tú los domingos? ¿Tú cantas los domingos? Do you sing on Sundays? You sing on Sundays?